HOUSE BILL No. 1187

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 27-2-21; IC 27-4-1-4.

Synopsis: Use of credit information by insurers. Prohibits the use of credit information in underwriting, issuance, renewal, or cancellation of property and casualty insurance. Makes a violation an unfair and deceptive act and practice in the business of insurance.

Effective: July 1, 2003.

Stilwell

January 8, 2003, read first time and referred to Committee on Insurance, Corporations and Small Business.





First Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2003)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2002 Regular or Special Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1187

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning insurance.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 27-2-21 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
2	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2003]:
4	Chapter 21. Credit Information in Property and Casualty
5	Insurance
6	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "credit information" means:
7	(1) a credit rating;
8	(2) a credit report;
9	(3) a credit scoring model; or
10	(4) other information obtained from elements of information
11	that are contained in an individual's credit history.
12	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "insurer" means an insurer (as
13	described in IC 27-1-2-3(x)) that issues a policy of property and
14	casualty insurance.
15	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "property and casualty
16	insurance" means one (1) or more of the kinds of insurance
17	described in Class 2 and Class 3 of IC 27-1-5-1.



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1	Sec. 4. This chapter applies to an individual policy of property
2	and casualty insurance.
3	Sec. 5. An insurer may not use credit information to underwrite,
4	classify, or rate a policy of property and casualty insurance.
5	Sec. 6. An insurer may not refuse to issue, refuse to renew, or
6	cancel a policy of property and casualty insurance based on credit
7	information.
8	Sec. 7. A violation of this chapter by an insurer is an unfair and
9	deceptive act and practice in the business of insurance under
10	IC 27-4-1-4.
11	SECTION 2. IC 27-4-1-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.130-2002,
12	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. The following are hereby defined as unfair
14	methods of competition and unfair and deceptive acts and practices in
15	the business of insurance:
16	(1) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing to be made, issued, or
17	circulated, any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement:
18	(A) misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be
19	issued or the benefits or advantages promised thereby or the
20	dividends or share of the surplus to be received thereon;
21	(B) making any false or misleading statement as to the
22	dividends or share of surplus previously paid on similar
23	policies;
24	(C) making any misleading representation or any
25	misrepresentation as to the financial condition of any insurer,
26	or as to the legal reserve system upon which any life insurer
27	operates;
28	(D) using any name or title of any policy or class of policies
29	misrepresenting the true nature thereof; or
30	(E) making any misrepresentation to any policyholder insured
31	in any company for the purpose of inducing or tending to
32	induce such policyholder to lapse, forfeit, or surrender his
33	insurance.
34	(2) Making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or placing
35	before the public, or causing, directly or indirectly, to be made,
36	published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public,
37	in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of
38	a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio or
39	television station, or in any other way, an advertisement,
40	announcement, or statement containing any assertion,
41	representation, or statement with respect to any person in the
42	conduct of his insurance business, which is untrue, deceptive, or



1	misleading.
2	(3) Making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, directly or
3	indirectly, or aiding, abetting, or encouraging the making,
4	publishing, disseminating, or circulating of any oral or written
5	statement or any pamphlet, circular, article, or literature which is
6	false, or maliciously critical of or derogatory to the financial
7	condition of an insurer, and which is calculated to injure any
8	person engaged in the business of insurance.
9	(4) Entering into any agreement to commit, or individually or by
10	a concerted action committing any act of boycott, coercion, or
11	intimidation resulting or tending to result in unreasonable
12	restraint of, or a monopoly in, the business of insurance.
13	(5) Filing with any supervisory or other public official, or making,
14	publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering to any person,
15	or placing before the public, or causing directly or indirectly, to
16	be made, published, disseminated, circulated, delivered to any
17	person, or placed before the public, any false statement of
18	financial condition of an insurer with intent to deceive. Making
19	any false entry in any book, report, or statement of any insurer
20	with intent to deceive any agent or examiner lawfully appointed
21	to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or any
22	public official to which such insurer is required by law to report,
23	or which has authority by law to examine into its condition or into
24	any of its affairs, or, with like intent, willfully omitting to make a
25	true entry of any material fact pertaining to the business of such
26	insurer in any book, report, or statement of such insurer.
27	(6) Issuing or delivering or permitting agents, officers, or
28	employees to issue or deliver, agency company stock or other
29	capital stock, or benefit certificates or shares in any common law
30	corporation, or securities or any special or advisory board
31	contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns and
32	profits as an inducement to insurance.
33	(7) Making or permitting any of the following:
34	(A) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same
35	class and equal expectation of life in the rates or assessments
36	charged for any contract of life insurance or of life annuity or
37	in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any
38	other of the terms and conditions of such contract; however, in
39	determining the class, consideration may be given to the
40	nature of the risk, plan of insurance, the actual or expected
41	expense of conducting the business, or any other relevant
42	factor.



1	(B) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same
2	class involving essentially the same hazards in the amount of
3	premium, policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made
4	for any policy or contract of accident or health insurance or in
5	the benefits payable thereunder, or in any of the terms or
6	conditions of such contract, or in any other manner whatever;
7	however, in determining the class, consideration may be given
8	to the nature of the risk, the plan of insurance, the actual or
9	expected expense of conducting the business, or any other
10	relevant factor.
11	(C) Excessive or inadequate charges for premiums, policy
12	fees, assessments, or rates, or making or permitting any unfair
13	discrimination between persons of the same class involving
14	essentially the same hazards, in the amount of premiums,
15	policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made for:
16	(i) policies or contracts of reinsurance or joint reinsurance,
17	or abstract and title insurance;
18	(ii) policies or contracts of insurance against loss or damage
19	to aircraft, or against liability arising out of the ownership,
20	maintenance, or use of any aircraft, or of vessels or craft,
21	their cargoes, marine builders' risks, marine protection and
22	indemnity, or other risks commonly insured under marine,
23	as distinguished from inland marine, insurance; or
24	(iii) policies or contracts of any other kind or kinds of
25	insurance whatsoever.
26	However, nothing contained in clause (C) shall be construed to
27	apply to any of the kinds of insurance referred to in clauses (A)
28	and (B) nor to reinsurance in relation to such kinds of insurance.
29	Nothing in clause (A), (B), or (C) shall be construed as making or
30	permitting any excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory
31	charge or rate or any charge or rate determined by the department
32	or commissioner to meet the requirements of any other insurance
33	rate regulatory law of this state.
34	(8) Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, knowingly
35	permitting or offering to make or making any contract or policy
36	of insurance of any kind or kinds whatsoever, including but not in
37	limitation, life annuities, or agreement as to such contract or
38	policy other than as plainly expressed in such contract or policy
39	issued thereon, or paying or allowing, or giving or offering to pay,
40	allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as inducement to such
41	insurance, or annuity, any rebate of premiums payable on the

contract, or any special favor or advantage in the dividends,



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savings, or other benefits thereon, or any valuable consideration or inducement whatever not specified in the contract or policy; or giving, or selling, or purchasing or offering to give, sell, or purchase as inducement to such insurance or annuity or in connection therewith, any stocks, bonds, or other securities of any insurance company or other corporation, association, limited liability company, or partnership, or any dividends, savings, or profits accrued thereon, or anything of value whatsoever not specified in the contract. Nothing in this subdivision and subdivision (7) shall be construed as including within the
definition of discrimination or rebates any of the following
practices:
(A) Paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise abating their premiums in whole or in part out of surplus accumulated from nonparticipating insurance, so long as any such bonuses or abatement of premiums are fair and equitable to policyholders and for the best interests of the company and its policyholders (B) In the case of life insurance policies issued on the industrial debit plan, making allowance to policyholders who have continuously for a specified period made premium payments directly to an office of the insurer in an amount
which fairly represents the saving in collection expense. (C) Readjustment of the rate of premium for a group insurance
policy based on the loss or expense experience thereunder, a

(C) Readjustment of the rate of premium for a group insurance policy based on the loss or expense experience thereunder, at the end of the first year or of any subsequent year of insurance thereunder, which may be made retroactive only for such policy year.

(D) Paying by an insurer or agent thereof duly licensed as such under the laws of this state of money, commission, or brokerage, or giving or allowing by an insurer or such licensed agent thereof anything of value, for or on account of the solicitation or negotiation of policies or other contracts of any kind or kinds, to a broker, agent, or solicitor duly licensed under the laws of this state, but such broker, agent, or solicitor receiving such consideration shall not pay, give, or allow credit for such consideration as received in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, to the insured by way of rebate.

(9) Requiring, as a condition precedent to loaning money upon the security of a mortgage upon real property, that the owner of the property to whom the money is to be loaned negotiate any policy of insurance covering such real property through a particular insurance agent or broker or brokers. However, this subdivision



1	shall not prevent the exercise by any lender of its or his right to
2	approve or disapprove of the insurance company selected by the
3	borrower to underwrite the insurance.
4	(10) Entering into any contract, combination in the form of a trust
5	or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of commerce in the
6	business of insurance.
7	(11) Monopolizing or attempting to monopolize or combining or
8	conspiring with any other person or persons to monopolize any
9	part of commerce in the business of insurance. However,
10	participation as a member, director, or officer in the activities of
11	any nonprofit organization of agents or other workers in the
12	insurance business shall not be interpreted, in itself, to constitute
13	a combination in restraint of trade or as combining to create a
14	monopoly as provided in this subdivision and subdivision (10).
15	The enumeration in this chapter of specific unfair methods of
16	competition and unfair or deceptive acts and practices in the
17	business of insurance is not exclusive or restrictive or intended to
18	limit the powers of the commissioner or department or of any
19	court of review under section 8 of this chapter.
20	(12) Requiring as a condition precedent to the sale of real or
21	personal property under any contract of sale, conditional sales
22	contract, or other similar instrument or upon the security of a
23	chattel mortgage, that the buyer of such property negotiate any
24	policy of insurance covering such property through a particular
25	insurance company, agent, or broker or brokers. However, this
26	subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any seller of such
27	property or the one making a loan thereon, of his, her, or its right
28	to approve or disapprove of the insurance company selected by
29	the buyer to underwrite the insurance.
30	(13) Issuing, offering, or participating in a plan to issue or offer,
31	any policy or certificate of insurance of any kind or character as
32	an inducement to the purchase of any property, real, personal, or
33	mixed, or services of any kind, where a charge to the insured is
34	not made for and on account of such policy or certificate of
35	insurance. However, this subdivision shall not apply to any of the
36	following:
37	(A) Insurance issued to credit unions or members of credit
38	unions in connection with the purchase of shares in such credit
39	unions.
40	(B) Insurance employed as a means of guaranteeing the
41	performance of goods and designed to benefit the purchasers



or users of such goods.

1	(C) Title incurrence
1 2	(C) Title insurance. (D) Insurance written in connection with an indebtedness and
3	(D) Insurance written in connection with an indebtedness and
<i>3</i>	intended as a means of repaying such indebtedness in the
5	event of the death or disability of the insured.
	(E) Insurance provided by or through motorists service clubs or associations.
6	
7	(F) Insurance that is provided to the purchaser or holder of an
8	air transportation ticket and that:
9 10	(i) insures against death or nonfatal injury that occurs during
	the flight to which the ticket relates;
11	(ii) insures against personal injury or property damage that
12	occurs during travel to or from the airport in a common
13	carrier immediately before or after the flight;
14	(iii) insures against baggage loss during the flight to which
15	the ticket relates; or
16	(iv) insures against a flight cancellation to which the ticket
17	relates.
18	(14) Refusing, because of the for-profit status of a hospital or
19	medical facility, to make payments otherwise required to be made
20	under a contract or policy of insurance for charges incurred by an
21	insured in such a for-profit hospital or other for-profit medical
22	facility licensed by the state department of health.
23	(15) Refusing to insure an individual, refusing to continue to issue
24	insurance to an individual, limiting the amount, extent, or kind of
25	coverage available to an individual, or charging an individual a
26	different rate for the same coverage, solely because of that
27	individual's blindness or partial blindness, except where the
28	refusal, limitation, or rate differential is based on sound actuarial
29	principles or is related to actual or reasonably anticipated
30	experience.
31	(16) Committing or performing, with such frequency as to
32	indicate a general practice, unfair claim settlement practices (as
33	defined in section 4.5 of this chapter).
34	(17) Between policy renewal dates, unilaterally canceling an
35	individual's coverage under an individual or group health
36	insurance policy solely because of the individual's medical or
37	physical condition.
38	(18) Using a policy form or rider that would permit a cancellation
39	of coverage as described in subdivision (17).
40	(19) Violating IC 27-1-22-25 or IC 27-1-22-26 concerning motor
41	vehicle insurance rates.
42	(20) Violating IC 27-8-21-2 concerning advertisements referring



1	to interest rate guarantees.
2	(21) Violating IC 27-8-24.3 concerning insurance and health plan
3	coverage for victims of abuse.
4	(22) Violating IC 27-8-26 concerning genetic screening or testing
5	(23) Violating IC 27-1-15.6-3(b) concerning licensure of
6	insurance producers.
7	(24) Violating IC 27-1-38 concerning depository institutions.
8	(25) Violating IC 27-2-21 concerning insurer use of credit
9	information.
9	mormation.



